

SUMMARY

Shishkin A.I.

SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OF KARELIA

The article considers the results of the «Karelia's Revival» Conception realization on the basis of the special monitoring conducted by the Institute of economy of the Karelian Centre of Science of the Russian Academy of Sciences. The article represents the system of strategic planning developed in the Republic. It proves methods of its improvement according to the actual problems of the perspective development.

Republic of Karelia, strategic planning, criteria of the development's estimation, the organization of monitoring.

Larichkin F.D., Semyonov S.A.

PERFECTION OF STRATEGIC PLANNING OF REGIONAL DEVELOPMENT TAKING INTO ACCOUNT QUALITY OF ECONOMIC GROWTH

The article covers experience of region development strategic planning. The article considers methodological and methodical aspects of its perfection. It proves criteria of strategic problem achievement estimation.

Strategic planning, Murmanskaya oblast, directions of innovative development, level indicators of resources use.

Tsukerman V.A.

PROBLEMS AND PROSPECTS OF TRANSITION FROM THE RAW MATERIAL TO INNOVATIVE ECONOMY OF THE NORTH

A wide circle of questions has been considered regarding analysis of problems and prospects of transition from raw material to innovation economy, methodological principles of the strategy of transition of Northern regions to the new paradigm of innovative economic development.

The industry of the North regions, innovative-technological model of development, management of innovative processes.

Valentey S.D., Khabrieva T.Ya. and others

THE PROBLEMS OF THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT AUTHORITIES REALIZATION

In the previous issue of the magazine a part of the report “Problems and prospect of municipal reform in the Russian Federation” was published. The report was prepared under the guidance of Doctor of Economics S.D. Valentey and Doctor of Law T.Ya. Khabrieva by a group of authors: Candidate of Economics E.I. Aleksandrova, Doctor of Law, Professor L.V. Andrichenko, Doctor of Economics, Professor E.M. Buchwald, Doctor of Law, Professor V.I. Vasilyev, Candidate of Law V.I. Lafitskiy, Doctor of Economics, Professor L.N. Lykova, Candidate of Economics A.V. Odintsova. One of the first attempts to analyze the results of the municipal reforms initial

stage in the science of our country was made in the report. The mechanisms of its effectiveness increase are proposed. The necessity of a broader conceptual ground of the reform is argued. One more part of the report is published hereunder by the authors' consent.

Authorities of the local government, its structure; financial, legal and informational welfare.

Ivanov V.A.

METHODOLOGICAL BASICS OF AGRARIAN AND INDUSTRIAL COMPLEX INNOVATIVE DEVELOPMENT

The article considers the points of view on essentials of the concept "innovation" and the author's approach to the economic maintenance of the term "innovation" is developed. The article reveals the classification of innovations, specificity, conditions and factors of innovative development of the agrarian and industrial complex.

Agriculture sector, innovative development, mechanisms of innovations' introduction, an estimation of productivity.

Gulin C.A., Kondakov I.A.

THE PROBLEMS OF THE SCIENCE AND INNOVATION SECTOR DEVELOPMENT IN THE REGION

The considerable role and position of the science and technical activities in a modern economy, determine the necessity of science and innovation sector research with the purpose of forming the main directions of the perspective science and technology development, all kinds of resources usage improvement, science and technical processes intensification and its efficiency increasing. Condition research and main problems of the science and innovation sector functioning identification is the starting point for sectors' strategy selection and administrative operational decision making.

Vologda region, science and innovation sector, scientific and technical potential condition and problems.

Kopoteva I.V., Nicula Yoko

SOCIAL INNOVATIONS IN THE CHANGING RURAL ENVIRONMENT OF RUSSIA

The rural areas are going through deep and wide-ranging processes of restructuring and change of role and functions. In Russia the social transformation threw rural areas in decade-long social turmoil, which resulted in deep de-capitalization of agriculture and the rural areas are facing the challenges of ageing and migration of population and eroding networks of social and cultural services. These processes have opened niches for different kinds of private provision of welfare and social services, whose demand needs to be met by social innovations. Creation and promotion of social innovation requires concerted cooperative action of local residents, administration and business. In this article we are mapping efforts to tackle the challenges of rural change in Russia. The basis of the analysis is in the concepts of social innovation and social partnership, emphasizing local activity, social learning and cooperation between different stake-holders. The main part of the paper describes one social innovation project in Nizhny-Novgorod region and the empirical material for the article is based on qualitative interviews, conducted in Russia during the year 2007.

Rural development, social innovations, Russia, social networks, social partnership.

Vorobyov M.K., Skorobogaty E.I.

PROBLEMS OF THE EFFICIENCY OF USING SCIENCE WORKFORCE CAPACITY

The article considers problems of the efficiency of using science workforce capacity in Belarus. The article offers stimulation ways of science officer activity. Despite certain differences between scientific institution employee working conditions in Russia and Belarus, many questions mentioned by authors, are actual for the Russian scientific community as well.

Budgetary financing of science, Byelorussia, payment of science officers, methods of scientific activity stimulation.

Maksimov A.A., Burjan M.S.

ESTIMATION EXPERIENCE OF THE MUNICIPAL INSTITUTIONS' SOCIAL POTENTIAL

To investigate social potential of municipalities the group of indicators which characterize quality of the population (movement of the population, a health, a level and a way of life) are chosen. An integral and elementwise methods to its estimation are considered as basic. At the analysis of quality of the population of municipal formations of Republic Komi (municipal areas, city districts and settlements) alongside with traditional methods the author's technique of an estimation of employment and incomes of the population is used.

Republic of Komi, municipal institutions, quality of population, employment, incomes, the way of life.